

## Discussion 12B

### 1. Computing the SVD: A “Tall” Matrix Example

Define the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

Here, we expect  $U \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$ ,  $\Sigma \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 2}$ , and  $V \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$  (recall that  $U$  and  $V$  must be square since they are orthonormal matrices).

In this problem, we will walk through the SVD algorithm, prove some important theorems about the SVD matrices and column/null spaces, and consider an alternate way to approach the SVD.

- (a) Let’s start by trying to write  $A$  as an outer product in the form of  $\sigma \vec{u} \vec{v}^\top$  where both  $\vec{u}$  and  $\vec{v}^\top$  have unit norm. (HINT: Are the columns of  $A$  linearly independent or dependent? What does that tell us about how we can represent them?)

- (b) In this part, we will walk through Algorithm 7 in [Note 16](#). This algorithm applies for a general matrix  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ .

- i. **Find  $r := \text{rank}(A)$ . Compute  $A^\top A$  and diagonalize it using the spectral theorem (i.e. find  $V$  and  $\Lambda$ ).**
- ii. **Unpack  $V := \begin{bmatrix} V_r & V_{n-r} \end{bmatrix}$  and unpack  $\Lambda := \begin{bmatrix} \Lambda_r & 0_{r \times (n-r)} \\ 0_{(n-r) \times r} & 0_{(n-r) \times (n-r)} \end{bmatrix}$ .**
- iii. **Find  $\Sigma_r := \Lambda_r^{1/2}$  and then find  $\Sigma := \begin{bmatrix} \Sigma_r & 0_{r \times (n-r)} \\ 0_{(m-r) \times r} & 0_{(m-r) \times (n-r)} \end{bmatrix}$ .**
- iv. **Find  $U_r := AV_r \Sigma_r^{-1}$ , where  $U_r \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times r}$  and then extend the basis defined by columns of  $U_r$  to find  $U \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$ .**

(HINT: How can we extend a basis, and why is that needed here?)

- v. Use the previous parts to write the full SVD of  $A$ .
- vi. If we were to calculate the SVD of our matrix using a calculator, are we *guaranteed* to always get the same SVD? Why or why not?

(c) We now want to create the SVD of  $A^T$ . **What are the relationships between the matrices composing  $A$  and the matrices composing  $A^T$ ?**

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